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 R. B.

# Whig and Courier.

WHEELER & L'HOE PROPRIETORS.

Wm. H. Wheeler, Editor.

SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1863.

THE CIRCULATION

# Whig and Courier

is larger

THAN ANY OTHER DAILY IN MAINE.

Double that of any Daily East of Portland.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square, of 10 lines of 10 type, three times in the day, for one week, \$2.00. For one square, of 10 lines of 10 type, three times in the day, for one month, \$6.00. For one square, of 10 lines of 10 type, three times in the day, for three months, \$16.00. For one square, of 10 lines of 10 type, three times in the day, for six months, \$30.00. For one square, of 10 lines of 10 type, three times in the day, for one year, \$55.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES:

\$2.00 per square for first week—\$1.00 per square for each subsequent week. Double Column Advertisements inserted at the rate of "Special Notices." Advertisements where the time of insertion is not specially designated will be continued until otherwise ordered.



In Peace or War, or Land or Sea,  
Our flag, the symbol of the free,  
Bright emblem of Columbia's glory,  
Shall float to coming years the story,  
How, stout of heart, and strong of hand,  
The patriots of our native land,  
Bore it, the nation's hope and life,  
On tented field, 'mid martial strife,  
Still on 'till through the sulphurous cloud  
It broke in triumph, 'neath our shroud!

A couple of rebels have (very appropriately) been captured in Barbary. A contemporary gives the following account of it:

"Not long ago a British steamer bound from Lisbon to Cadiz, called at Tangiers. Among its passengers were the purses of the rebel pirate, the Sonnet, and the ex-Captain of Cadiz, a noted sympathizer with rebellion. These two gentlemen, lured by way of scratching their legs and indulging an insatiable curiosity, but before they could reach the ship on their return, were arrested by the United States Consul, and thrown into prison. The arrest, caused a serious commotion among the European residents. They held meetings and organized a plan for releasing the captives by force. At this moment the United States ship also arrived in port. Our Consul determined to place his prisoners on board; the foreign population, banded to prevent him by force and arms. Appealing to the faith of treaties, the Consul relied upon the Moorish authorities to preserve public order, and protect him in the transfer; and after some hesitation, in the course of which the Consul threatened to hand down his flag and retire, if his demand were not complied with, the military escort was forwarded, and the captives embarked. The incident ended at once for the United States."

This matter has gone before the British Parliament, show that John Bull is looking after all of his Jonathan's little operations. But John has concluded not to interfere in any formal manner, hoping that President Lincoln will promptly allow the matter. Very magnanimous that, seeing it is Morocco, and not England, who, if anybody, has a right to make reclamations.

EXTRAORDINARY BANK ROBBERY. One of the most brazened bank robberies ever heard of took place at St. Louis, Missouri, on the 27th of March. The chief actor was a man named Redman. The chief being under martial law, and a very sharp lookout being kept after scoundrels, the younger furloughed an order of the Provost Marshal, using a military officer in command in the city for a squad of six men to aid in the arrest of Mr. Hammer, of the firm of Hammer & Co., banker, on a charge of disloyalty to the government. Not being altogether satisfied with the aspect of the Provost Marshal's signature to the request, the officer hesitated to detail the men. Another furlough enabled Redman to procure the services of a squad of men from a Wisconsin regiment, who accompanied him to the banking house and arresting Mr. Hammer, without allowing him to look up all the money, succeeded in getting about \$2000 with which he decamped before the trick was discovered. He was subsequently arrested.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN EASTERN VIRGINIA. From the news which is permitted to be sent to the public journals by the Government censor at Fortress Monroe, it appears that the following facts or theories, as the case may be, are accepted by the rebel authorities at Richmond, viz: (1). That a large Union army has been concentrated on the York peninsula, and (2). That this army is to be under the personal command of General McClellan, who intends to march on the rebel capital by way of the York river. This will be news, it is true, to the great mass of the Northern people, as nothing has so far been said on the subject in any of the loyal journals. The information was conveyed, it seems, to the rebels by the appearance of Fortresses Monroe of over a hundred transports filled with troops. It is evident, says the New York World, from the significant movements of the other columns of the army, that ten days more will see Richmond in our possession, or the army of the Potomac repulsed in endeavoring to capture it.

LETTERS TO SOLICITORS. The Post-Office Department deems it advisable that all letters addressed to officers and soldiers of the army of the Potomac, whether sent from Washington or moving South, should be mailed in Washington city. From that office they will be forwarded in separate packages to the respective corps or divisions, and their delivery facilitated.

"OUR NAVY." The rebel Commodore Barron (says George W. Curtis), while an inmate of Ft. Warren, was reading the newspaper accounts of the deadly artillery practice, the intrepid daring of the sailors, the magnificent evolutions and skillful management of Commodore Dupont at Port Royal, until, full of excitement, he sprang to his feet and turning to a friend, exclaimed, "By heavens! there is nothing in the world like our Navy."

It is stated that the Merrimack, (called the Virginia by the rebels), has been delayed by repairs and improvements calculated to increase her strength, but that she is now ready to sail, and is momentarily expected at Old Point. Her iron-clad rebel vessels will accompany her. A contraband states that the two last shots which the Monitor fired in the recent engagement were the ones which damaged the Merrimack. Thirty men were killed.

New Publications.

THE CHRONICLES OF CARLETON, one of the tales published in Little's "Living Age" republished in pamphlet form and for sale by Bagbee & Co., in a story of much interest.

CONVENTION ELECTION. The election of State officers taken place in Connecticut next Monday. There can be no doubt of the re-election of William Buckingham of Norwich, the present popular Governor, who has filled the chair during the past three years, as he will receive the united votes of the Republican, the Union Democrat and the "Constitutional Union" parties.

ALARMING DESTRUCTION OF THE TREASURY IN CANADA. We (United Service Gazette) are sorry to find in the following items of Canadian news, an unpleasant confirmation of the fears we have more than once expressed, as to the probability of destruction among the troops quartered in Canada. "To-day the detachment of the 30th regiment, here, departed for Toronto by the Great Western Railway, the recent frequent and wholesale destruction of the men, no doubt, having led to the order for their removal. We cannot positively ascertain whether any others are to take their place. We understand that the detachment of the 30th regiment, attempted to desert the night before the last, but were stopped at the bridge. It is no doubt a fact that the American Government has agents in this town and neighborhood, who are holding out extraordinary inducements to the men to desert."

It is somewhat ridiculous to talk about the American Government having agents to induce British soldiers to desert, when we have already more men in our armies than we can use, if current statements are to be believed.

THE DIFFERENCE. The London Times of March 20, (for a copy of which we are indebted to Wm. A. Cooper, Esq., formerly of this city), prints the following:

"How the South feels at 'Extra from a letter dated Charleston, the 5th of February—'I send you several newspapers. They will give you a better idea of the state of the war and of affairs generally in the Confederacy than it is possible for me to give you. It may be that the way to tell that there is a better feeling prevailing all over the South than at any previous time. The government is in good heart; they have plenty of money; pay their interest in gold, and will continue to do so. Our army is good promptly and we have \$200,000,000 worth of produce now waiting for market, when our independence is acknowledged. The settled policy of the country is to fight on to the complete victory. Opportunities are offered for promotion by the Secretary of the Treasury—bonuses of 50 per cent. The only difficulty at present is to get the government funds. The Bank of America has been asked to loan \$500,000, which is all it can do, but it has been asked to loan \$1,000,000. Large quantities of money have been loaned to the rebels by the banks as well as individuals. The country. They don't care what the government pays—but it is to keep up the credit of the government. We look for fighting in Kentucky, and Missouri, but there is no apprehension that the enemy can do us any great harm."

In the same issue the Times print Mr. Russell's Washington letter of March 23, in which the writer says:

Extracts from the Southern journals are multiple to prove the strains to which the Confederates are reduced. Their soldiers are ill-fed and badly clothed. They are not well paid; and as to the state of supplies, they are in a deplorable condition. "Gold commands a premium of 100 to 50 per cent, and silver 25 to 40 per cent, in Richmond on the 28th of February. Whisky is worth \$2 a gallon for common, and \$4 for choice brands. Butter was \$23 a pound, and eggs 16 cents a dozen. Eggs 16 cents a dozen, and chickens \$3 a dozen. Apples at the Richmond market commanded \$10 a barrel."

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE AMONG. The London Star says:

"President Lincoln has sent a message to Congress which will secure for him the warmest sympathy and admiration of the civilized world. He proposes that the two houses should, by a joint resolution, offer to co-operate with the State for the gradual emancipation of the slave population. He advocates this proposition by arguments which are irresistible. He points out that this measure is one of the most efficient of self-preservation; and that if adopted by the more northern States, it would alienate them permanently from the Southern Confederacy. He also breaks the neck of the rebellion. While no man would be so foolish as to believe that the right to interfere with slavery within State limits is the President's right, he says that the right of resistance to the national authority continues, it is impossible to foresee what may take place. Such measures as may seem indispensable, or may otherwise promise great efficiency toward ending this struggle, must and will come. This is no man's sole right to those who permit to rebellion to put the house in order. Mr. Lincoln, in the form of an interrogatory, suggests whether the compensation offered would not be of more value to the States and persons concerned than the institution of slavery in the present aspect of affairs. The message appears to have been well received by the more influential members of the press, and we shall wait with great interest for the debate which it will occasion within the walls of Congress. It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of this document, or the momentous character of the issues which are involved in the propositions which it contains. It is, at all events, an indication that the law of emancipation is not remote, and that the Government of the United States are prepared to carry out that great act of justice by wise and peaceful means."

A NEW KIND OF WAR VESSEL. A sailing ship from Hampton Ro. gives a description of the latest invention in the naval line. We trust we do not violate the order of the War Office against publishing "contraband news." "We have a man here who has invented a ship which can float on land as well as on water. It is built of iron and steel, and is propelled by a steam engine. It is a small vessel, and can be used in shallow water. It is a great improvement on the old-fashioned sailing ship, and will be of great use in the future."

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## LOCAL AND MAINE ITEMS.

JOHN WARR. We are prepared to execute job work of all kinds at remarkably low prices and in the shortest time.

Our Office of the Daily Whig—price three cents for sale at our counting room.

Our Carriers are not allowed to sell papers while on their routes.

Subscriptions for a year (including postage) three months per month.

TO ADVERTISERS—Advertisers will do well to recollect that the circulation of the Daily Whig and Courier is larger than that of any daily in the State of Maine.

W. A. Ripley, trance medium from Paris, Me., will speak at Pioneer Chapel to-morrow afternoon and evening. Admission five cents.

To-morrow being the first Sabbath in April, the hour for afternoon service in the different churches, will be changed to 3 o'clock.

Fire. At 9 o'clock yesterday forenoon a two story house on Parker street took fire in the attic, probably from defect in chimney; and was almost entirely consumed. It was owned by Owen McCann and occupied by three or four families. Loss probably twelve hundred dollars. Partially insured.

DELEGATION OF GOV. WASHBURN. We are authorized to say that the gentleman who now so ably and faithfully fills the Executive chair of the State, is unqualifiedly averse to being a candidate for another election. We understand his inclination to be without reservation, and that he has no intention of having his name put in his view of duty and propriety in the premises.—Ken. Journal.

In the burial ground near the Episcopal Church at Centerville, Virginia, is a grave with the following inscription upon the headstone:

LIEUT. L. E. RICHMOND.

Company E, 21 Regiment Maine,

died May 21st, 1861.

Lieut. Richmond went from this city, left at Hull Run, and was taken prisoner.

Hon. Josiah S. Little graduated at Bowdoin College in 1825, in the class with John S. Abbott, Senator Bradbury of Augusta, Dr. Chester of New York, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Jonathan Cilley, Prof. Longfellow, Hazzah, Packard, George W. Pierce, and other prominent men, one of the most distinguished classes that ever left that seat of learning.

Sch. Effort, of and from East Machias for Providence, with a cargo of shingles, perished her chain on the 20th ult., and went ashore on Great Point. After discharging part of her cargo she was got off on the 24th, apparently without damage, and was taken to the wharf at Nantucket.

About twenty-five young men have recently left R. Machias and that vicinity for Puget Sound, Washington Territory.

The ship Emily St. Pierre, captured by the James Alger, was built at Bath, Me., in 1851, and is owned in Charleston, S. C.

She had no colors aboard when taken, but the officer boarding learned from the crew that she had the rebel flag flying fifteen days before being taken, and that when chased they threw them overboard, and to the sea.

At a meeting of the householders of the 1st and 21st classes of the Androscoggin River, held in Portland on the 21st, it was voted to instruct the Trustees to take possession of the road.

It is said that there will be no passenger steamboat between the Kennebec and Boston the present summer, as the boats are employed by the government. The steam propeller C. W. Dexter will make her trips, for freight, as usual.

The Portland Argosy chronicles the fact that a flock of wild geese alighted in the bay on Sunday, and as sportsmen in all that point city fired a shot at them, as they had not been informed of their presence.

"GREAT LOST WEATHER." Glasses of the Bath Times is endeavoring to get up more steam for his already fast power. He has therefore gone into the premium business, and his offers are truly magnificent. To each "getter-up" of a club for his weekly he promises a splendidly engraved portrait of Washington, and also of Franklin to each advance paying single-rate subscriber. The portraits are to be sent on application to any of Uncle Sam's postmasters—price three cents each.

AN INSURGENT HORSE. The Portland Argosy says that Mr. Joseph Clark, proprietor of the Omnibus, was severely injured by one of his horses Wednesday afternoon. Mr. C. took the horse by the head to lead him home, when the beast seized him by the arm, threw him upon the ground, trampled on him and bit him. One of Mr. Clark's arms was broken and the other dislocated, and he received other injuries.

It is stated by several papers that the 10th Maine regiment is now with Banks's column, beyond Winchester, and the Maine Cavalry regiment is understood to be in service somewhere across the Potomac.

Captain David Drinkwater, one of the oldest shipmasters in Portland, died at his residence in that city Thursday afternoon. He has been for many years a director in the bank of Cumberland.

A man out west was lately indicted for felony. His innocence was proven, but notwithstanding this, the jury found him guilty. The Judge was shocked, and arose and said: "Gentlemen, the prisoner's innocence was clearly proven."

"Yes," said the foreman, "he is innocent of the crime now charged against him, but he stole my gray mare last Christmas."

AN IMPORTANT ADDITION TO THE UNION RAILROAD. It is rumored that Hon. John Janney, of London county, Virginia, who presided at the State Convention that passed the ordinance of secession, has taken the oath of allegiance. This is probably correct. Mr. Janney was elected to the Senate by the voters of his county, and he has been sworn in by the Governor.

When it is considered that but three or four members had the courage to record their votes against secession, the course pursued by him will not be too harshly condemned. His influence since the secession of Virginia has not been through altogether in favor of the secession. He has abstained from all active participation in the war. If he has really come over to the Union cause, his influence in London county is such that he will carry a majority of its citizens with him.—N. Y. World.

A person, being at confession, accused himself of having stolen some money from his pocket, and he was asked how many dollars he had stolen. He said: "That is of no consequence; I stole the money, and I am going to keep the remainder very close."

A MEMORANDUM COMMITTEE. The Blackman, correspondent who writes to the Bangor Courier from Augusta over the signature of "H.," stated in one of his recent efforts that Mr. Blaine's visit to Washington during the session of the Legislature, was in reality a mere political errand, and that Governor Washburn had corruptly sent him, under pay from the State Treasury, on pretense of public business. It is true, it is true, that a committee of truth in it, would bear severely on Governor Washburn, than whom no more upright and honest man ever sat in the Executive Chair of Maine. The real fact is well known to be that, when our cavalry regiment was considered to be on the eve of disbandment, owing to the machinations and misrepresentation of certain interested parties who wished to get the fine horses for another branch of the service, Gov. Washburn despatched Mr. Blaine to Washington to correct all erroneous impressions in regard to the character and condition of the regiment, and to procure, if possible, from the Secretary of War an order for its immediate transfer to a field of active service.

Mr. Blaine was absent from the Speaker's Chair but ten days, and in little more than a week after his return, orders were received for the regiment to retire to the Potomac.

The public can judge whether his errand was a profane and unbecoming intrusion, or whether, being nothing but a traveling expense, Mr. Blaine was doing a faithful service for his country. We make these statements on the very best authority, and as an act of justice to Governor Washburn, whom the Bangor Courier has permitted to be assailed in its columns by a filthy creature who cannot show a more responsible paper in Maine.

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# J. M. BEEBE & CO.

Boston.

Having closed their open Stock, preparatory to removing.

Will offer, April 4th,

AT

No. 1 & 3 Winthrop Square,

An Entire FRESH STOCK of

Foreign Dress Goods.

April 4th

J. M. BEEBE & COMPANY,

Boston.

Have removed to the New Block.

No. 1, 2 & 3 Winthrop Square.

The Special Attention of the Trade.

IS INVITED TO THEIR

Large, Choice & Attractive Stock,

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

POPULAR PRICES!

BY MUTUAL CONSENT the firm of J. M. BEEBE & CO. has been dissolved.

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KENNEDY'S ILLUSTRATED  
RHEUMATIC LINIMENT. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

THE attention of the Public is called to this most excellent **fail Liniment** as a perfect and speedy cure for all the aches and pains that flesh is heir to.

**RHEUMATISM**, is caused by stagnation of the fluids and a chronic perspiration of the skin, and is cured by KENNEDY'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT.

**NEURALGIA**—the king of all pains—is caused by an indurated or follicular condition, and is cured by a few applications of KENNEDY'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT.

**SPRAINS** are caused by an over-extension and are cured by the same.

[illegible][illegible]

W. C. B. taken at 11  
11:00 a.m. each day

PLAIN, unaccepting to the public.  
 Although it is not to be recut or orders for it, it  
 will be promptly attended to.

JOB COLLETTE,  
 Exchange Street, East of York  
 corner.

YOU CAN'T FIND  
 An Arrow that Suits as Well as  
 HELMSTREET'S INIMITABLE  
 HARP RESTORATIVE

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

my name is WILLIAM BOSEYSHALL  
Bosses of the manet letter received by the Pro  
priety  
S r t i s Mo Aug 2 2460  
Dear R P H HARRIS On Thu 2  
The letter I received from you of the 28th of  
September I have read & I find you have  
written me that I should go to the  
testimony. I am glad to hear that I  
have not a fair preparation that I liked so  
much. I am glad to hear that I have not  
grieved the "the in rhoid and hasbrovith"  
it is a great health. I was glad to see the  
article in the paper about you here. If this  
letter will be a give you may publish it.

Very respectfully,  
 Mr. J. B. BOST, B. Sullivan &  
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level 2. Having a few minutes before I had  
place in the market. I have been told that it is  
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